CSUMAKOV, M.P.; VOROSILOVA, N.K.; VASZILJEVA, K.A.; IAKIMA, M.N.;
     ASMARINA, B.M.; DOBROVA, I.N.; DROZDOV, SZ.G.; JANKEVICS, O.D.;
     PODSZEDLOVSZKIJ, T.SZ.; SZOKOLOVA, I.SZ.; SIRMAN, G.A.; BOJKO, V.M.

Oral mass immunization of the population of the Soviet Union
against poliomyelitis with live vaccine prepared from attenuated
Sabin strains. Orv.hetil. 101 no.4:109-117 Ja '60.

- 1. Orvostudomanyi Akademia, oliomyelitis Kutato Intezet, Moszkva.
               (POLIOMYELITIS immunol.)

DROZDOV, S. G.; SHIRMAN, G. A.; technical assistance: KNYAZEVA, T. V.

Interaction of viruses in the intestinal tract of man. I. Interference between wild and vaccine poliovirus strains. Acta virol.Engl.Ed.Praha 5 no.4:210-219 Jl '61.

1. Institute of Poliomyelitis Research, U.S.S.R. Academy of Medical Sciences, Moscow.

(POLIOMYELITIS immunol)

CHUMAKOV, M.P., prof.,otv.red.;VOROSHILOVA,M.K.,red.; DZAGUROV, S.G.,
red.; DROZDOV, S.G., red.; ZEYTLENCK, N.A., red.; LASHKEVICH,
V.A.; red.; SHAPIRO, S.L., red.;

[Poliomyelitis peroral live vaccine; papers] Poliomielitnaia
peroral'naia zhivaia vaktsina; materialy. Pod red. M.P.
Chumakova. Moskva, 1961. 658 p.   (MIRA 15:8)

1. Akademiya meditsinskikh nauk SSSR. Moskva, Institut polio-
mielita i virusnykh entsefalitov. Nauchnaya sessiya. 4th, Mos-
cow, 1960. 2. Deystvitel'nyy chlen Akademii meditsinskikh nauk
SSSR (for Chumakov).
                    (POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE)

CIUMAKOV, M.P.; VOROSILOVA, M.K.; DZAGUROV, S.G.; DROZDOV, S.G.; LASKEVICI,
V.A.; MIRONOVA, L.L.

Results of investigations made in the past 4 years on the immunization
of several Soviet populations with poliomyelitis live vaccine (Sabin
type) administered orally. Stud. cercet. inframicrobiol. 13 no.5:
589-591 '62.

1. Institutul pentru cercetarea poliomielitei si a encefalitelor
virotice al Academiei de stiinte medicale a U.R.S.S.
            (POLIOMYELITIS)   (POLIOVIRUS VACCINE, ORAL)

CHUMAKOV, M.P.; VOROSHILOVA, M.K.; DROZDOV, S.G.; DZAGUROV, S.G.; LASIKEVICH,
    V.A.; MIRONOVA, L.L.; RAL'F, N.M.; GAGARINA, A.V.; DOBROVA, I.N.;
    ASIMARINA, Ye.Ye.; SHIRMAN, G.A.; FLEYER, G.P.; TOL'SKAYA, Ye.A.;
    SOKOLOVA, I.S.; EL'BERT, L.B. (Moskva); SINYAK, K.M. (L'vov)

Some results of the work in mass immunization of the population of
the Soviet Union against poliomyelitis with live vaccine from Sabin
strains. Vest. AMN SSSR 16 no.4:30-43 '61.   (MIRA 15:5)

1. Iz Instituta poliomyelita i virusnykh entsefalitov AMN SSSR.
        (POLIOMYELITIS VACCINE)   (POLIOMYELITIS—PREVENTION)

L 12591-63

ACCESSION NR: AP3002519   S/0248/63/000/006/0005/0015

AUTHOR: Chumakov, M. P.; Voroshilova, M. K.; Dzagurov, S. G.; Drozdov, S. G.;
Lashkevich, V. A.; Mironova, L. L.; Ral'f, N. M.; Sinyak, K. M.; Bartoshevich,
Ye. N.; Vasil'yeva, K. A.; Gagarina, A. V.; Grachev, V. P.; Zhevandrov, V. I.;
Taranova, G. P.; Koroleva, G. A.; Kukayn, R. A.; Robinzon, I. A.; Tyufanov, A. V.;
El'bert, L. G.

TITLE: Results of live vaccine mass immunization against poliomyelitis and the
outlook for eradicating this disease

SOURCE: AMN SSSR. Vestnik, no. 6, 1963, 5-15.

TOPIC TAGS: Poliomyelitis, immunization, vaccine, Salk, Sabin

ABSTRACT: This article is a survey of the fight against polio in the Soviet
Union with special emphasis on the live vaccine mass immunization program during
the past four years. In 1954 polio became a serious problem in the USSR and in
1955 the Poliomyelitis Institute was formed as part of the Academy of Medical
Sciences. At first, Salk vaccine was produced (at Moscow and Sverdlovsk) and
from 1957 to 1960 more than 12 million children were inoculated. Late in 1958
10 million experimental doses of the Sabin live vaccine were prepared and in

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L 12591-63
ACCESSION NR: AP3002519   *O*

January 1959 the Institute switched to developing live vaccine on a large scale.
In 1961, when international needs for a purer live vaccine were developed, the
Institute solved the problem of purifying Sabin's culture strains from admixture
to latent monkey virus no. 40 (OV sub 40) by using kidney clutures from green
marmosets rather than from monkeys. At the end of biocontrol, 1 M solution MgCl
sub 2 was added to increase virus thermostability in transit and to avoid microbe
or virus contamination. Between 1959 and 1962 the Soviet Union exported over
153 million vaccine doses (mostly in lozenge form) to 20 countries (Table 2). In
the USSR 95% of all inoculations from 1960 to 1962 were in lozenge form with oral
liquid vaccine given only to babies. The great advantage of live vaccine estab-
lishes local immunity at the sites of virus entry into the body. Such immunity
prevents transmittal of virus by "symptomless" cases. Studies of children inocu-
lated with live vaccine show a marked increase in the number of antibodies in all
age groups and a total absence of "wild" polio virus strains in feces tests of
healthy children. From 1959 to 1962 over 217,879,000 doses of live vaccine have
been administered in the USSR. Of these, 91,300,000 were first innoculations and
126,579,000 were second innoculations. Fig. 3 shows a sharp decrease (almost to
zero) in the incidence of polio in the USSR for 1962. The following immunization
plan is recommended: immunization of trivalent (types, I, II, and III) live
vaccine for children aged 2 to 12 mos for intervals of 6 to 12 weeks and annual

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L 12591-63
ACCESSION NR: AP3002519

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oral revaccination with trivalent live vaccine for children ages 1 to 8-15 years. Revaccination can be given in two doses at intervals of 6 to 12 weeks. The number of annual revaccinations can probably be cut down eventually to 4 or 5 after the basic three vaccinations (types I, II, and III). The outlook for winning the fight against polio in the USSR is very encouraging. Orig. art. has: 3 figures, 4 tables.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 00   DATE ACQ: 12Jul63   ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: AD   NO REF SOV: 000   OTHER: 00

Card 3/3

SHIRMAN, G.A.; DROZDOV, S.G.

Interaction of viruses in the human intestine. Report No.3:
Effect of serumal immunity on the results of the interac-
tion netween types II and II~ of vaccinal poliomyelitis
virus. Vop. virus. 8 no. 1:60-63 Ja-F'63.   (MIRA 16:6)

1. Institut po izucheniyu poliomiyelita AMN SSSR, Moskva.
      (POLIOMYELITIS VACCINES) (INTESTINES—MICROBIOLOGY)

DROZDOV, S.G.

Simple method of cultivating fragments of normal and tumorous tissues. Vop. Virus. 8 no.5:630-631 S-O'63   (MIRA 17:1)

1.Institut poliomyelita i virusnykh entsefalitov AMN SSSR.

CHUMAKOV, M.P.; VOROSHILOVA, M.K.; DZAGUROV, S.G.; DROZDOV, S.G.;
    LASHKEVICH, V.A.; MIRONOVA, L.L.; RAL'F, N.M.; SINYAK, K.M.;
    BARTOSHEVICH, Ye.N.; VASIL'YEVA, K.A.; GAGARINA, A.V.;
    GRACHEV, V.P.; ZHEVANDROVA, V.I.; TARANOVA, G.P.; KOROLEVA, G.A.;
    KUKAYN, R.A.; ROBINZON, I.A.; TYUFANOV, A.V.; EL'BERT, L.B.

Results of mass immunization with live poliomyelitis vaccine
and the prospects for eradication of this disease. Vest.
AMN SSSR 18 no.6:5-15 '63.   (MIRA 17:1)

DROZDOV, S.G.

Microscope with low position of the objective for work with tissue cultures. Lab. delo 10 no.5:313-315 '64.   (MIRA 17:5)

1. Institut poliomiyelita i virusnykh entsefalitov (direktor – deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. M.P.Chumakov) AMN SSSR, Moskva.

DROZDOV, S.G.; ZDANOVSKIY, I.I.; SHIRMAN, G.A.

Device for tissue culture in the air with 5% of carbon dioxide.
Vop. virus. 9 no.6:723-725 N-D '64.

(MIRA 18:11)

1. Institut poliomiyelita i virusnykh entsefalitov AMN SSSR,
Moskva.

FD-2351

DROZDOV, S.I.

USSR/Nuclear Physics - Neutron scatter

Card 1/1   Pub. 146 - 16/34

Author   : Drozdov, S. I.

Title   : Scatter of fast neutrons by nonspherical nuclei. I

Periodical : Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz. 28,734-736, Jun 1955

Abstract   : The author discusses the scattering of fast neutrons by a black
nucleus that has the shape of a body of revolution and a spin
equal to zero. He solves the problem of scatter in adiabatic
approximation (W. Pauli, General principles of wave mechanics,
translated into Russian by Foreign Literature Press, 1947) by con-
sidering the psi-function in Schroedinger equation of Hamiltonian
operator of system neutron and fixed nucleus and energy operator
of revolution of the nucleus, under the assumption that the energy
of incident neutron is much larger than energy of rotation of
nucleus. He thanks B. T. Geylikman, to whom the idea of the pres-
ent calculation belongs, and also A. B. Migdal, V. G. Nosov, and
V. M. Galitskiy. Four references: e. g. L. Landau and Ye.
Lifshits, Kvantovaya mekhanika, GITTL, Moscow, 1948; Teoriya
polya, GITTL, Moscow, 1948. L. Schiff, Progr. Theor. Phys. 11,
1954.

Institution : Academy of Sciences USSR

            : March 18. 1955

DROZDOV, S.I.
USSR/Nuclear Physics - Neutron scatter   FD-2352

Card 1/1   Pub. 146 - 17/34

Author   : Drozdov, S. I.

Title   : Scatter of fast neutrons by nonspherical nuclei.   II

Periodical : Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz. 28, 736-738, Jun 1955
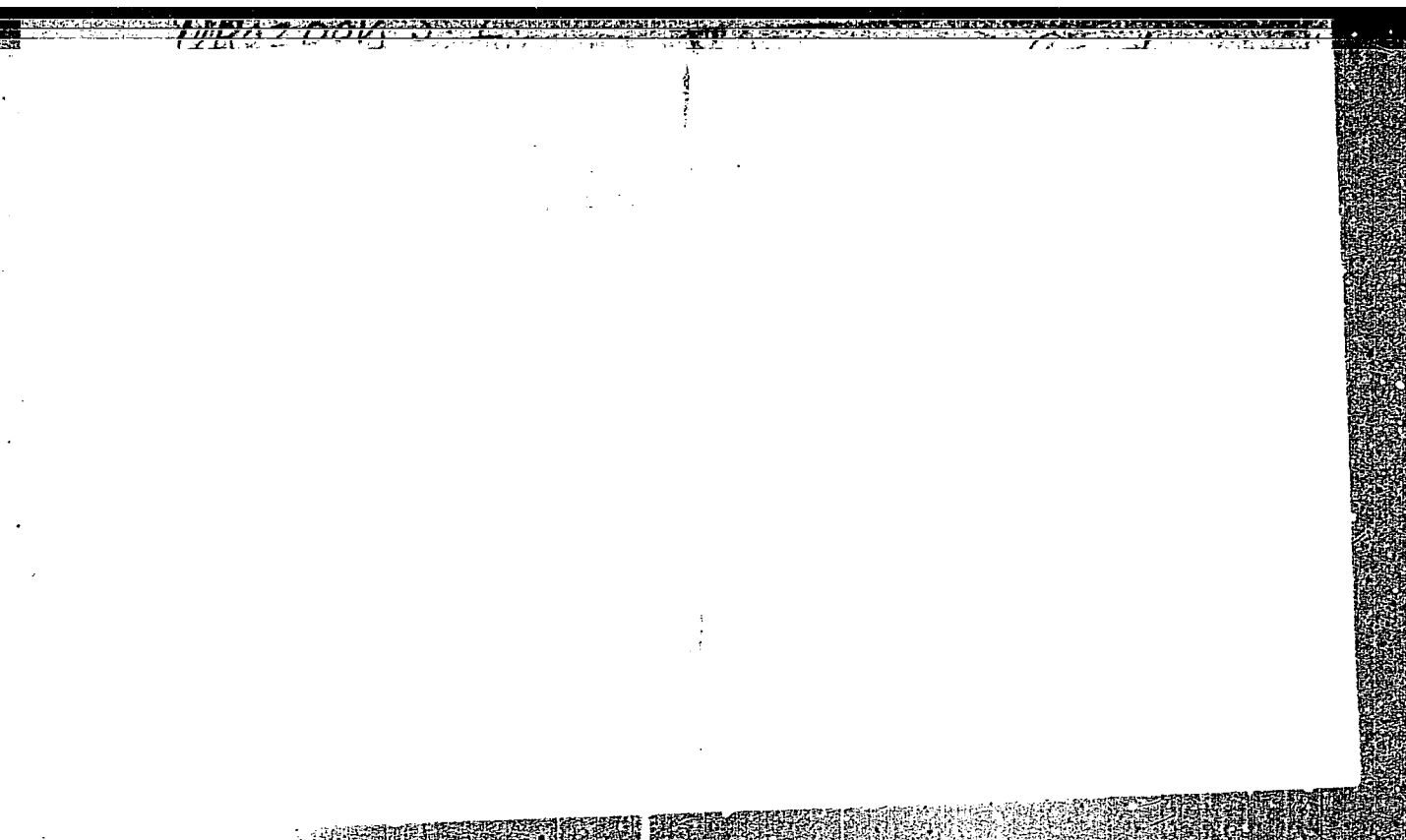
Abstract   : In the author's preceding note, same issue, he calculated the
               effective cross-sections of scattering of fast neutrons by a dark
               nuclei possessing the shape of an ellipsoidal solid of revolution
               and spin zero. In the present note he duscusses the obtained re-
               sults under the assumption that before scattering the nucleus was
               in the ground state. He concludes that the full cross-section of
               excitation of the ℓ-th rotatory level of a nucleus differs from
               zero only for even ℓ and rapidly decreases with increasing ℓ. Two
               references: e. g. A. Akhiyezer and I. Pomeranchuk, Nekotoryye
               voprosy teorii yadra [Some problems of the theory of the nucleus].
               Moscow, 1950.

Institution : Academy of Sciences USSR

Submitted   : March 18, 1955

SUBJECT   USSR / PHYSICS   CARD 1 / 2   PA - 1282
AUTHOR   DROZDOV, S.I.
TITLE   The Scattering of Neutrons in Para- and Orthohydrogen.
PERIODICAL   Atomaja Energija, 1, fasc. 3, 50-55 (1956)
             Publ. 3 / 1956   reviewed 9 / 1956

Here the differential and total cross sections of the elastic and inelastic
scattering processes of neutrons in parahydrogen- and orthohydrogen moleoules
are computed. On this occasion the results obtained by J. SCHWINGER and
E.TELLER, Phys. Rev. 52, 286 (1937) are generalized for the case that the
energy of the neutrons suffices for the excitation of oscillation levels.
Furthermore, the oscillations of the nuclei in the molecule are assumed to be
harmonic. The corresponding wave function of the molecule is explicitly
written down and the states of the molecule are described by the quantum
numbers n,l,m, and S, where S is the spin of the molecule (equal to 0 or 1).

At first, the differential cross section for the scattering of the molecule
with and without modification of the spin in the center of mass system is de-
termined and reduced to a more serviceable form. In the case of inelastic
scattering, scattering through large angles is most probable. With $E \ll \hbar\omega$
no oscillation levels are excited and it is then possible also to neglect the
zero oscillations and to treat the molecule as a rigid rotator. The cross
sections are written down also for this case and for the case l=1', n=0.
The total cross sections are determined by integration of the differential
one over all scattering angles. The cross section of the elastic scattering

decreases inversely to the energy of the neutron. The cross section is speci-
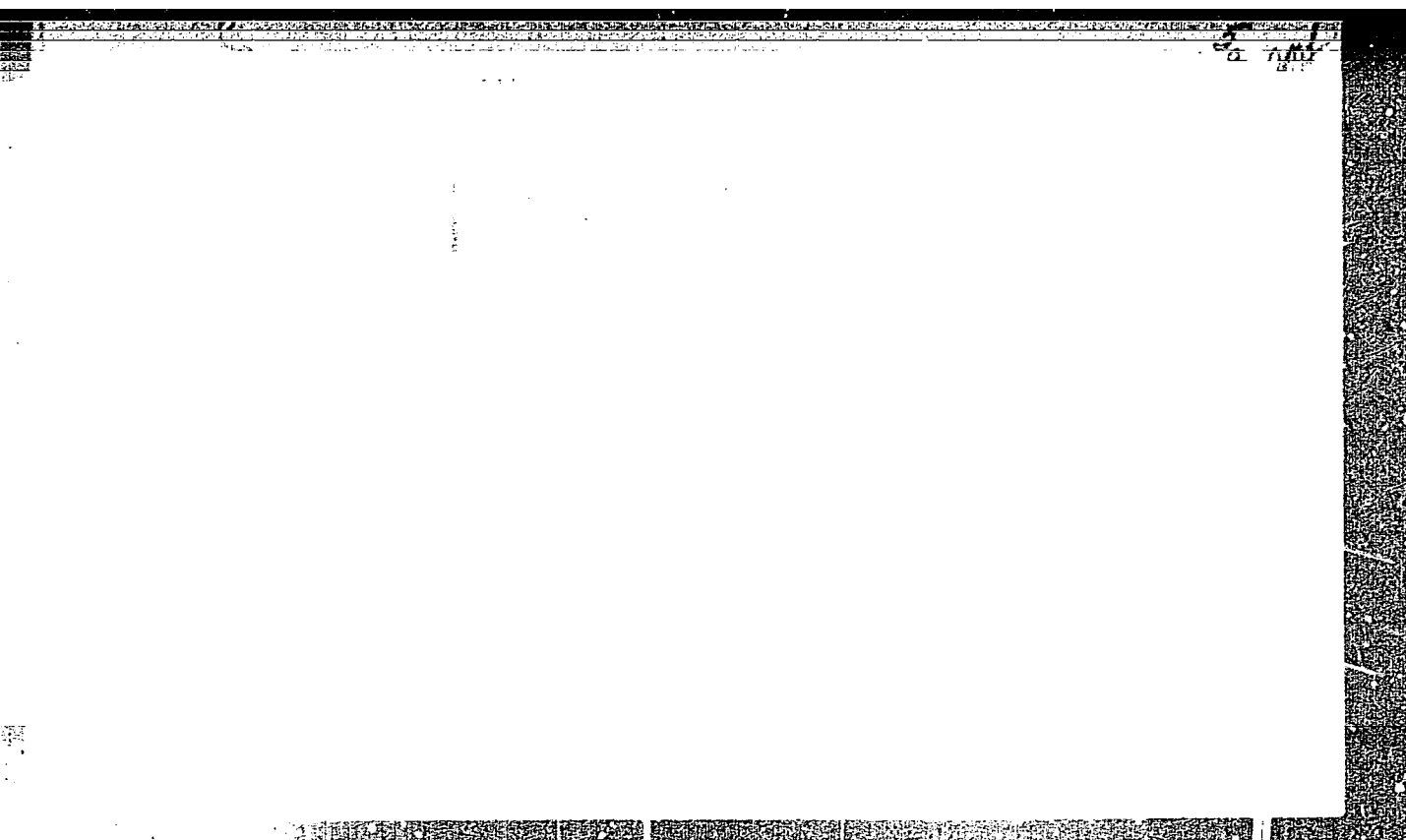alized also for the scattering of slow neutrons ($E \ll \hbar \omega$).
If the energy of the neutron is greater than the spacing between oscillation
levels, the influence exercised by the rotation levels on the energy of the
scattered neutron may be neglected. The excitation cross section of the n-th
oscillation level of the molecule at any rotation state, and herefrom by
integration over all scattering angles the total cross section of inelastic
scattering with excitation of the n-th oscillation level of the molecule is
determined.
If the energy of the neutron is considerably greater than the spacing between
the oscillation levels, a rather simple expression for the average energy loss
of the neutron scattered under the angle Θ is obtained. The average energy
loss depends on the primary rotation state of the molecule, tends towards zero
at $\Theta \rightarrow 0$, and is largest on the occasion of scattering into large angles. In
the case of extremely high energies, the average energy loss due to the excita-
tion of molecular levels is proportional to the energy of the inciding neutron.
However, also the energy loss in the case of a low energy of the inciding
neutron is determined.

INSTITUTION:

.SUBJECT   USSR / PHYSICS   CARD 1 / 2   PA - 1224
·AUTHOR   , DROZDOV, S.I.
TITLE   The Scattering of Fast Neutrons by Nonspherical Nuclei. III.
PERIODICAL   Žurn. eksp. i teor. fis, 30, 786-788 (1956)
              Publ. 4 / 1956   reviewed 8 / 1956

In the present instance the results obtained previously are generalized for
nuclei with non-vanishing spin (odd nuclei). At first, the matrix element de-
termining the scattering cross section in adiabatic approximation and the
amplitude of neutron scattering by an immobile nucleus is given. A strong
coupling between the motion of the nucleons in the nucleus and the motion of
the nuclear surface is assumed. The eigenfunctions of the states of rotation of
the nucleus then represent eigenfunctions of a symmetrical gyroscope. For the

rotation levels of the nucleus it applies that $\varepsilon_{IK} = (\hbar^2/2J)(I(I+1)-K(K+1))$;

I=K, K+1,...; here I denotes the total angular momentum of the nucleus. Next,
the differential cross sections for the excitation of the rotation levels and
for the scattering of neutrons without change of energy are given. This cross
section of the scattering of a neutron by a nonspherical nucleus with non-
vanishing spin (K $\neq$ 0) does in general not become equal to zero in the in-
vestigated interval of the scattering angles $\theta < 0$. However, in the special
case of even-even nuclei the angular distribution has zeros in the case of
elastic scattering like the cross section of elastic scattering on the
occasion of the diffraction of fast neutrons by a spherical nucleus.

Next, the summary cross section of scattering in a special angle of space with excitation of different states of rotation is written down and several times transformed. This summary cross section does not depend on the initial state of the nucleus. The total summary cross section $\sigma_s = \int d\Omega\, \sigma_s(\theta)$ does not depend on energy.

The total cross section of all scattering processes is, as we know, defined by the imaginary part of the amplitude of the elastic scattering into the angle zero. The total scattering cross section and the cross section of the absorption of neutrons, like the summary cross section σ_s, do not depend on the initial state of the nucleus.

In the case of spherical nuclei the formulae mentioned here are identical with the formulae of the theory of the diffraction scattering of neutrons by a black spherical nucleus.

INSTITUTION:

DROZDOV, S.I.

Cross sections for fast particle absorption by semitransparent nuclei. Dokl.AN SSSR 106 no.3:409-412 Ja '56.   (MLRA 9:6)

1.Predstavleno akademikom M.A.Leontovichem.
(Neutrons--Scattering) (Nuclear reactions)

DROZDOV, S. I.   Acad. Sci. USSR

"Scattering of Fast Protons by Nonspherical Nuclei,"

paper submitted at the A-U Conf. on Nuclear Reactions in Medium and Low Energy
Physics, Moscow, 19-27 Nov 57.

AUTHOR

TITLE

DROZDOV, S.I.,
The Scattering of Rapid Protons by Non-Spherical Nuclei. 89-6-2/24
(Rasseyaniye bystrykh protonov nesferioheskiai yadrami-Russian)

PERIODICAL

Atomnaya Energiya, 1957, Vol 2, Nr 6, pp 5o1 -5o6(U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT

This scattering is investigated here under the assumption, that
the energy of the proton is large in comparison to the energy of
the COULOMB barrier $(E \leqslant 2oMeV)$. Also the model of the black nuc-
leus and the adiabatic approximation are used. The solution of the
problem in the adiabatic approximation is reduced to the determina-
tion of the amplitude $f(\Omega, \omega)$ of scattering on the immovable nuc-
leus. If the wave length of the inciding protons is much smaller
than the dimensions of the nucleus $(kR \gg 1)$, the scattering of the
protons may be looked upon as quasiclassical if a black nucleus is
assumed. In this case $f(\Omega, \omega) = f_e(\Omega, \omega) + f_d(\Omega, \omega)$ is found,
i.e. the scattering amplitude is composed of the amplitudes of the
diffraction scattering andthe scattering in the electric field of
the nucleus. Both parts of the amplitude are determined under the
assumption that the shape of the nucleus deviates sufficiently litt-
le from the spherical shape $(\alpha_2 Ze^2/\hbar v \ll 1)$.
In conclusion the elastic scattering of protons by even-even nuclei
is computed, i.e. the angular distribution of protons of 2o,3o and
5o MeV, which are scattered by the nuclei of the Gd_{64}^{160} and U_{92}^{238}
are computed. Four diagrams illustrate the ratio (cross section
$\sigma_0(\theta)$ of the elastic scattering / cross section $\sigma_k(\theta) = |f_k(\theta)|^2$ of

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The Scattering of Rapid Protons by Non-Spherical Nuclei. 89-5-2/24

COULOMB'S scattering. Within the domain of very small angles a COULOMB scattering occurs; the corresponding angular interval does not depend upon the parameter of the deformation. Within the domain of comparatively large angles a diffraction scattering occurs, where the angular distribution shows characzeristic maxima and minima. The cross section of the elastic scattering in this comain depends essentially upon the deformation parameter.

(4 illustrations)

ASSOCIATION   Not Given.
PRESENTED BY
SUBMITTED   27.12.1956
AVAILABLE   Library of Congress.
Card 2/2

DROZDOV, S. I., ZARETSKIY, D. F., KUDRIN, L. P. and SEDELNIKOV, T. Kh.

"On the Formation of a Thermal Neutron Spectrum."

paper to be presented at 2nd UN Intl. Conf. on the peaceful uses of Atomic Energy, Geneva, 1 - 13 Sep 58.

DROZDOV, S. I. (Moscow, USSR)

"L'Excitation des Etats Collectifs des Noyaux dans le Processus de Diffusion des Protons d'Energie Superieure a la Barriere de Potential."

report presented at the Intl. Congress for Nuclear Interactions)Low Energy) and Nuclear Structure, Paris, 7-12 July 1958.

AUTHOR: Drozdov, S. I.   SOV/56-34-5-34/′

TITLE: Excitation of the Vibrational and Rotational States of Nuolei
               Due to Scattering of Nucleons (Vozbuzhdeniye kolebatel'nykh
               i vrashchatel'nykh sostoyaniy yader pri rasseyanii nuklonov)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1958,
               Vol. 34, Nr 5, pp. 1288 - 1291 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In this paper the scattering of nucleons by black nuclei which
               have rotation or vibration levels is investigated in adiabatic
               approximation. The wave length of the incident particle k^{-1}
               is assumed to be much shorter than the dimensions R^0 of the
               nucleus $(kR \gg 1)$. The energy of the proton is assumed to be much
               higher than the Coulomb barrier ($Ze^2/RE \ll 1$) and the nucleus
               is regarded to absorbe all striking particles (model of the black
               nucleus). This condition necessitates neutron energies of
               $E \gtrsim 10$ MeV and proton energies of $E \gtrsim 20$ MeV. In this case it is
               convenient to use the adiabatic approximation according to which
               the nuclei are assumed to be at rest during the process of
               scattering. In the investigation of the scattering through narrow
Card 1/3

Excitation of the Vibrational and Rotational States   SOV/56-34-5-34/61
of Nuclei Due to Scattering of Nucleons

angles on the above given conditions the amplitude of the
elastic scattering of the nucleons by a nucleus at rest can be
represented in the form

$f(\omega,\Omega) = f_e(\omega,\Omega) + f_d(\omega,\Omega)$, where $f_e(\omega,\Omega)$ denotes the
amplitude of the scattering of the particles in the electric
field of a nucleus at rest. In the examination of the scattering
through narrow angles the finiteness of the charge distribution
in the nucleus can be neglected. A formula is written down for
the amplitude of the scattering in the electric field of the
nucleus. The author restricts himself to the investigation
of the elastic scattering and of the scattering with the transition
of the nucleus from the ground state into the first excited
state. Only the quadrupole deformations of the nucleus are
considered. In the computation of the cross sections it is
convenient to expand the amplitude $f(\omega,\Omega)$ into a series
according to the powers of the deformation parameter. The found
cross sections of the excitation of the rotation state (I,M)
of an even-even nucleus and the cross section of the excitation

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. Excitation of the Vibrational and Rotational States   SOV/56-34-5-34/ 1
of Nuclei Due to Scattering of Nucleons

of n-phonons (1,m) are written down. The matrix elements of
the amplitude $f(\alpha_{2m}, \Omega)$ which describe the cross sections of
the elastic and inelastic scattering are also written down
explicitly. There are 4 references, 3 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED: December 22, 1957

1. Nuclei—Scattering   2. Nuclei—Excitation   3. Mathematics
—Applications

Card 3/3

DROZDOV, S. I.

21(7)

AUTHORS: Chistova, E. A., Drozdov, S. I.   SOV/89-6-2-7/28

TITLE: Neutron Scattering in Para- and Orthohydrogen (Rasseyaniye
             neytronov v para-i ortovodorode)

PERIODICAL: Atomnaya energiya, 1959, Vol 6, Nr 2, pp 152 - 161 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: At energies exceeding considerably the bond energy of moderator
             atoms the neutron moderation can be represented very well by
             the laws of the elastic collision of 2 balls. As soon as the
             neutron energy has more or less attained the amount of the
             moderator atom bond energy, the latter begins to play an
             important part during the moderation process, wherein energy
             and temperature dependence, respectively, is already observed.
             The formulae of the total cross section, the average asymmetry
             of the scattering and the medium energy loss with a collision
             in para- and orthohydrogen in dependence on the neutron energy
             and moderator temperature are now theoretically deduced. The
             formulae derived were numerically evaluated by E. A. Chistova
             with the electric computer of the AS USSR Calculation Office
             and the numerical results were given in a graph. The calcula-
Card 1/2   tions include: The cross sections

Neutron Scattering in Para- and Orthohydrogen   SOV/89-6-2-7/28

$\sigma_{1,1}(E)$, $\sigma_{1,}(E)$, $\sigma(E, \theta)$

the scattering asymmetry $\mu_{1,1}(E)$, $\mu_{1,}(E)$, $\mu(E, \theta)$

the relative energy loss in one fission $\dfrac{\Delta E}{E}$ (E,θ), each

in dependence on the neutron energy E and in the laboratory coordinate system under the following initial conditions: 0.01 ev < E < 1 ev; θ = 0; 0.015; 0.020 and 0.025 ev. With these energy and temperature values the states characterized by l' ≤ 5 and l ≤ 7 were assumed as initial and final states of the H_2 molecule. The calculations were carried out for the most part without considering the nuclear oscillation within the molecule, which is useful only within the range of E ≤ 0.1 ev.Within the range of 0.1 ev < E < 1 ev the zero oscillations were taken into account in the calcula- tion of $\dfrac{\Delta E}{E}$ (E,θ). There are 5 figures and 7 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED: September 4, 1958
Card 2/2

24(5), 21(7)

AUTHOR: Drozdov, S. I.   SOV/56-36-6-35/66

TITLE: Excitation of Collective States in Nuclei by the Scattering of
            Charged Particles (Vozbuzhdeniye kollektivnykh sostoyaniy yader pri
            rasseyanii zaryazhennykh chastits)

ABSTRACT: The present paper aims at investigating the elastic and inelastic
             scattering of fast charged particles on black nuclei of nonspherical
             shape. In the scattering of nucleons on nonspherical nuclei an
             excitation of the collective states of the nucleus occurs as a
             result of the direct interaction between the incident particles and
             the nuclear surface. The author investigates the scattering
             processes in diffraction approximation by basing upon the following
             assumptions: The incident particles (protons or α-particles) have an
             energy E which is considerably higher than the Coulomb barrier
             $ZZ'e^2/R$ if the condition $kR \gg \eta$ is satisfied. $\eta = ZZ'e^2/\hbar v$ is the
             Coulomb barrier, k - the wave number of the incident particle, and
             R - the nuclear radius. It is further assumed that $kR\Delta E/E \ll 1$ (ΔE is
             the energy of the excited level), that the nucleus is considered to
             be at rest, and that the energy loss of the particle in the infinite

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Excitation of Collective States in Nuclei by the Scattering SOV/56-36-6-35/66
of Charged Particles

collision is neglected. Solution of the problem by adiabatic
approximation makes it possible to determine the scattering
amplitude of the particle on the nucleus at rest $f(\Omega,\omega)$, where
$\Omega=(\theta,\phi)$ determines the direction of scattering, and $\omega=(\mathcal{T},\varphi)$ - the
orientation of the nuclear symmetry axis. The differential
scattering cross section with excitation of the first rotational
level of an even-even nucleus with the moment λ has the form:

$$\sigma_\lambda(\theta) = \sum_\mu \left| \langle Y^*_{\lambda\mu}(\omega) f(\Omega,\omega) Y_{00} \rangle \right|^2 \quad \text{If these conditions are satisfied,}$$

it is possible to calculate the scattering amplitude by using the
methods of the diffraction theory, in which case the interaction
energy is considered to be a perturbation. For the cross section
$\sigma_\lambda(\theta)$ and otherwise general formula (20) is deduced in the case
$\lambda=2$, and if $\eta=0$, the following holds:

$$\sigma_{\eta\lambda}(\theta) = \alpha_\lambda^2 \frac{(kR)^4}{4k^2(2\lambda+1)} \left[J_0^2(kR\theta) + 3 J_2^2(kR\theta) \right] \quad (21).$$

This formula describes the angular distribution of inelastically
scattered neutrons on an even-even nucleus, with excitation of the
first collective level. In the last chapter the author shows in

Excitation of Collective States in Nuclei by the Scattering SOV/56-36-6-35/66
of Charged Particles

what manner the radius and the nonsphericity parameter of the
nucleus may be determined by comparing calculated with experimental
data (cf. Figs 1 - 3). In an appendix it is shown that the formula
(18) deduced in this paper describes the amplitude of the electric
quadrupole excitation for small scattering angles $(\theta \ll 1)$ in
adiabatic approximation. The author finally thanks L. D. Landau,
B. T. Geylikman, and K. A. Ter-Martirosyan for discussions, and
T. V. Novikov and A. V. Cherenkov for carrying out numerical
computations. There are 3 figures and 11 references, 6 of which are
Soviet.

SUBMITTED: January 14, 1959

Card 3/3

DROZDOV, S.I.

Excitation of collective states in nuclei in the scattering of
charged particles. Zhur.eksp.i teor.fiz. 38 no.2:499-502 F '60.
(MIRA 14:5)

(Particles (Nuclear physics)—Scattering) (Nuclei, Atomic)

83739

S/056/60/038/004/032/048
B006/B056

24.6520

AUTHORS: Grin', Yu. T., Drozdov, S. I., Zaretskiy, D. F.

TITLE: The Moments of Inertia of Odd Atomic Nuclei M

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1960,
              Vol. 38, No. 4, pp. 1297 - 1303

TEXT: In the regions $150 < A < 190$ and $A > 225$ the atomic nuclei are de-
formed and, besides single-particle levels, they have also rotational
ones. It was found experimentally that the moments of inertia of odd
nuclei surpassed those of even nuclei considerably. Several authors
have dealt with the derivation of formulas for the moments of inertia
of even and odd nuclei, without, however, taking pair correlation into
account. The authors of the present paper, for the purpose of determin-
ing the moments of inertia (taking pair correlation into account), use
the Green functions for a finite system having an odd number of particles.
The calculation method is analogous to that used by A. B. Migdal for
even-even nuclei (Refs. 3,4). An explicit formula (18) is obtained for
δJ, in which the difference of the moments of inertia $J_e(\varkappa_e) - J_e(\varkappa_o)$

Card 1/2

The Moments of Inertia of Odd Atomic Nuclei $\underset{B006/B056}{S/056/60/038/004/032/048}$ 83739

occurs as an unknown term (the subscripts e and o mean even and odd).
$\varkappa = \hbar\omega_0\beta/2\Delta$, $\hbar\omega_0 = 41\ A^{-1/3}$ Mev. The Δ values are partly known from the
experiment and partly determined by interpolation according to the for-
mula $\Delta_e = \Delta_0 + 1/\varrho_0$, where ϱ_0 denotes the density of the single-particle
levels near the Fermi surface. For calculating the difference of J_e,
Δ_e, Δ_0, β_e, and β_0 must be known. These four parameters are given in
Table 1 for a total of 19 nuclei between $_{64}Gd^{155}$ and $_{96}Cm^{245}$, as well as
the relative change in the moments of inertia for nuclei having odd num-
bers of neutrons $\delta J/J_T$ (in %). (J_T is the moment of inertia of the solid;
$\delta J/J_T \sim A^{-1/3}$). Table 2 gives the same parameters for nuclei having odd
numbers of protons (11 nuclei from $_{67}Ho^{165}$ to $_{95}Am^{243}$). The authors
thank S. T. Belyayev and A. B. Migdal for discussions. There are
2 tables and 9 references: 4 Soviet, 1 US, 1 Dutch, and 3 Danish.

SUBMITTED: November 17, 1959

Card 2/2

DROZDOV, S.I.; ZARETSKIY, D.F.

Effects of pair correlation near closed shells. Zhur. eksp. i
teor. fiz. 40 no.1:286-295 Ja '61.   (MIRA 14:6)
     (Potential, Theory of) (Superconductivity)

$\partial^4 \iota \iota 6 \sigma \nu$

S/056/63/044/001/057/067
B164/B102

AUTHOR: Drozdov, S. I.

TITLE: Excitation of collective states of nuclei by scattering of charged particles

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, v. 44, no. 1, 1963, 335 - 340

TEXT: The amplitudes and the differential cross section of inelastic small-angle scattering of charged particles by semitransparent nuclei with single-phonon excitation of the first collective levels 2^+, 3^- are calculated assuming the optical potential

$$V(\vec{r}) = -V_0(1 + i\zeta)n(\vec{r})$$

in diffraction approximation for rigid nonspherical nuclei. The values so found are compared with experimental results. Let the nucleus surface be described by $R(a) = R(1 + \Sigma a_\lambda P_\lambda)$, where a_λ are the nonsphericity parameters. Furthermore, let the charge distribution be consistent with the density

Card 1/2

Excitation of collective states...   S/056/63/044/001/057/067
                                                       B164/B102

distribution $n(\vec{r})$. Then a comparison between the theoretical and the experimental differential scattering cross sections allows α_2, α_3, radius R, and the imaginary part of the optical potential ζ to be estimated. In the case of 40-Mev protons the differential scattering cross sections are calculated for the excitation of the 2^+, 3^- collective levels of Mg^{24}, Ni^{58}, and Gd^{156}. The results are then compared with the experimental values (private communication). For these nuclei, α_2, α_3, R and ζ are given. There are 3 figures.

SUBMITTED: August 15, 1962

Card 2/2

DROZDOV, S. I.

"Excitation of Collective Levels of Nuclei by Nucleon Scattering."

report submitted for All-Union Conf on Nuclear Spectroscopy, Tbilisi, 14-22 Feb 64.

IAE (Inst Atomic Energy)

ASSOCIATION: none

DROZDOV, S.I.

　　　　Scattering with excitation of collective levels in nuclei in
the optical model. IAd. fiz. 2 no.5:810-822   N '65.
　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　(MIRA 18:12)

DROZDOV, S.M.

[Stalingrad Province; a survey of its physical and economic geography] Stalingradskaia oblast'; fiziko-geograficheskii i ekonomiko-geograficheskii obzor. Stalingrad, Stalingrad-skoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1958.   422 p.   (MIRA 13:2)
(Stalingrad Province--Economic conditions)

DROZDOV, S.N,

The effect of preplanting treatment of seeds with copper sulfate on the yield in field tests. S. N. Drozdov. Sbornik Rabot Chlenov Nauch. Studencheskii. Obshchestva Leningrad. Sel'skokhoz. Inst. 1952, No. 1, 53-6(Pub. 1953); Referat. Zhur. Khim., Biol. Khim. 1955, No. 200.—Seeds of wheat and of buckwheat were soaked in weak solns. of CuSO$_4$ (80-240 mg./l.) with and without vernalization and planted in exptl. field plots in peat soils normally sensitive to Cu treatment. Vernalized buckwheat seeds soaked in a 240 mg./l. CuSO$_4$ soln. had 51.1% yield increase. The highest wheat yield was obtained from vernalized seeds soaked in an 80 mg./l. soln. of CuSO$_4$.   B. S. Levine

DROZDOV, S.N,

1. DROZDOV, S. N.

2. USSR (600)

4. Plants, Effect of Metals on

7. Pre-planting steeping of seed in copper sulfate solution as a means
   of satisfying the copper requirements of plants. Dokl. AN SSSR 83
   No. 6, 1952. Leningradskiy Sel'skokhozyaystvennyy Institut
   pages 929-930.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, September
   1952. UNCLASSIFIED. RCD 17 Jan. 1952.

USSR / Plant Physiology. Mineral Nutrition.   I-3

Abs Jour   : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 10, 1958, No 43735

Author   : Drozdov, S. N.
Inst   : Leningrad Agricultural Institute
Title   : The Boron Requirement of Wheat in Ontogeny

Orig Pub   : Zap. lelingr. s.-kh. in-ta. 1956, vyp. 11, 79-84

Abstract   : A twice repeated experiment was made with a water culture
              of Diamant variety summer wheat. The complete absence of
              B in the nutrient environment (in Knop mixture) or pro-
              viding plants with it only during the first or solely
              during the second stages of ontogeny produced no grain
              yield. The third stage turned out to be critical: sup-
              plying the wheat plants with B throughout this stage yielded
              a grain output close to that of the control where B was
              applied during the course of the whole vegetation period.
              The effect of B on the harvest of vegetable mass was con-
              siderably smaller. -- O. P. Medvedeva.

Card 1/1

10

DROZDOV, S. N., Cand Biol Sci -- (diss) "Need of Spring Wheat
for Trace Elements during ̶D̶i̶f̶f̶e̶r̶e̶n̶t̶ *varying* Stages of Its Development."
Len-Pushkin, 1957. 16 pp (Min of Agriculture USSR, Len Agri-
cultural Inst), 180 copies (KL, 48-57, 105)

- 17 -

AUTHOR: Drozdov, S. N.   SOV/20-121-4-49/54

TITLE: The Influence of Copper on the Intensity of Photosynthesis
               in the Leaves of Spring Wheat (Vliyaniye medi na intensivnost'
               fotosinteza list'yev yarovoy pshenitsy)

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1958, Vol. 121, Nr 4, pp. 753-754
               (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The data which were published on the influence mentioned in
               the title are full of contradictions (Ref 1). The author de-
               termined this influence by the Zeller method (Tseller, Ref 2).
               The results show that when the first symptoms of copper-hunger
               occur (inhibition of growing and paler coloring of the leaves)
               the difference of intensity reaches 20% in the case of plants
               in variants with different degree of copper supply; it further
               increases considerably. After 8 days this difference amounts to
               52%. An additional nutrition with copper outside of the roots
               leads in plants with the first symptoms of the "cultivation
               disease" (bolezn' obrabotki) to a considerable increase of
               photosynthesis of short duration (about 2 days); (Table 2).
               Additional nutrition was administered in the following way:
Card 1/2   the leaves were three times carefully wiped with a piece of cot-

SOV/20-121-4-49/54

The Influence of Copper on the Intensity of Photosynthesis in the Leaves
of Spring Wheat

ton wool soaked with $CuSO_4$ (50 mg $CuSO_4$ per liter of solution)
or with distilled water (control). Hence, the following con-
clusions may be drawn: 1) The intensity of photosynthesis is
much smaller in plants developing on a culture medium without
copper than in plants which developed on a complete culture
medium. 2) An additional nutrition of plants with copper
outside of the roots considerably increases this intensity
for a short period. There are 2 tables and 2 references, 1 of
which is Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut (Leningrad
Agricultural Institute)

PRESENTED: April 1, 1958, by A. L. Kursanov, Member, Academy of Sciences,
USSR

SUBMITTED: January 24, 1958

Card 2/2

DROZDOV, S.N.; KUTUZOV, A.A.

Boron requirements of spring wheat and barley in their ontogenic development. Nauch. dokl. vys. shkoly; biol. nauki no.1:129-131 '60.   (MIRA 13:2)

1.Rekomendovana kafedroy fiziologii rasteniy Leningradskogo sel'skokhozyaystvennogo instituta.
                    (Wheat--Fertilizers and manures)
                    (Barley--Fertilizers and manures)
                    (Plants, Effect of boron on)

DROZDOV, S.N.

Copper requirements of spring wheat in ontogenesis.   Trudy Kar. fil.
AN SSSR no.28:126-134 '60.   (MIRA 14:9)
        (Wheat) (Plants, Effect of copper on)

DROZDOV, S.N. (Petrozavodsk)

Copper requirement of spring wheat during its ontogeny. Bot.zhur.
46 no.6:815-823 Je '61.
(Plants, Effect of copper on)   (Wheat)

Bot.zhur.
(MIRA 14:6)

KOROVIN, A.I.; DROZDOV, S.N.; NOVITSKAYA, Yu.Ye.; KOMULAYNEN, A.A.; KURETS, V.K.

Effect of frosts on the yield and some physiological processes in spring wheat. Dokl. AN SSSR 136 no.4:979-981 F '61. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Institut biologii Karel'skogo filiala Akademii nauk SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom A. L. Kursanovym.
          (Wheat)   (Plants, Effect of temperature on)

DROZDOV, S.N.; NOVITSKAYA, Yu.Ye.; KOMULAYNEN, A.A.; KURETS, V.K.

Effect of frosts on the yield and some physiological processes in spring wheat. Trudy Kar. fil. AN SSSR no.28:86-94 '60.

(MIRA 14:9)

(Wheat) (Plants--Frost resistance)

PETROVA, L.R.; DROZDOV, S.N.

Effect of frost on the formation of reproductive organs in spring
wheat. Bot. zhur. 48 no.8:1097-1107 Ag '63.   (MIRA 16:10)

1. Institut biologii Karel'skogo filiala AN SSSR, Petrozavodsk
i Botanicheskiy institut imeni V.L. Komarova AN SSSR, Leningrad.
                (Wheat)   (Plants—Reproduction)
                    (Plants, Effect of cold on)

DROZDOV, S.N.; NOVITSKAYA, Yu.Ye.; KOMULAYNEN, A.A.; SYCHEVA, Z.F.;
BARSKAYA, T.A.; PERMINOVA, L.A.

Effect of frost on certain physiological processes of spring
wheat. Trudy Kar. fil. AN SSSR no.37:42-51 '64.   (MIRA 18:3)

DROZDOV, S.N.; KOMULAYNEN, A.A.; PERMINOVA, L.A.

Frost resistance of spring wheat. Trudy Kar. fil. AN SSSR
no.37:52-58 '64.

Frost resistance of potatoes and the ways of increasing
it by means of mineral fertilizers. Ibid.:59-66

(MIRA 18:3)

DROZDOV, S.N.; SYCHEVA, Z.F.

Dependence of the frost resistance of potato vines on the
rate of nitrogen metabolism. Fiziol. rast. 12 no.2:325-
331 Mr-Ap '65.
(MIRA 18:6)

1. Institut biologii Petrozavodskogo gosudarstvennogo
universiteta.

KAMENSKIY, Ye.A.; DROZDOV, S.S., red.; STEBLYANKO, T.V., tekhn.
     red.

     Semen Alekseevich Smirnov. Stavropol', Knizhnoe izd-vo,
     1962. 39 p.   (MIRA 16:7)
               (SMIRNOV, SEMEN ALEKSEEVICH, 1818-1911)
          (CAUCASUS, NORTHERN--HEALTH RESORTS, WATERING PLACES, ETC.)

BUTOV, Fedor Mikhaylovich; DROZDOV, S.S., red.; STEBLYANKO, T.V.,
         tekhn. red.

     [How to use gas appliances in the household] Kak pol'zovat'sia
     gazom v bytu. Stavropol', Stavropol'skoe knizhnoe izd-vo,
     1959.   30 p.   (MIRA 15:7)
          (Gas appliances)   (Home accidents--Prevention)

PANTELEYEV, I.Ya.; DROZDOV, S.S., red.; STEBLYANKO, T.V., tekhn. red.

Anton Ivanovich Nezlobinskii. Stavropol', Knizhnoe izd-vo, 1962. 38 p.   (MIRA 15:11)
    (Nezlobinskii, Anton Ivanovich, 1847-1899)

OSOBOV, Z.; MORENKO, G.; SHAFIR, V.; DROZDOV, S.S., red.;
    STENLYANKO, T.V., tekhn. red.

    [Gas as fuel for engines]Gaz - motornoe toplivo. Stavropol',
    Stavropol'skoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1962. 40 p.   (MIRA 15:11)
                 (Gas as fuel)

BOBROV, V.Ya.; DROZDOV, S.S., red.

      [Weather forecasting based on local observations] Kak
· predskazyvat' pogodu po mestnym priznakam. Stavropol',
Stavropol'skoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1962. 46 p.
                        (MIRA 17:5)

BERESTNEV, L.B.; DROZDOV, S.S., red.; STEBLYANKO, T.V., tekhn. red.

[Handbook for rural electricians]Spravochnik sel'skogo elektro-
montera. Stavropol', Stavropol'skoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1962. 151 p.
                                          (MIRA 16:3)
   (Rural electrification—Handbooks, manuals, etc.)
   (Electric engineering—Handbooks, manuals, etc.)

DROZDOV, S.S.; MOSOLOVA, V.V.; NIKUSHKIN, A.I.

Thermistor temperature compensation for a salinometer. Priborostroenie
no.3:7-8 Mr '64.   (MIRA 17:6)

DROZDOV, S.V.

Remains of the littoral sediments of the Khvalynian stage time.
Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; geol. i razv. 6 no.11:149-150 N '63.
(MIRA 18:2)

1. Moskovskiy geologorazvedcchnyy institut im. S.Ordzhonikidze.

KOLOMENSKIY, N.V.; KOMAROV, I.S.; Prinimali uchastiye: IVANOVA,
     I.N.; DROZODV, S.V.; ZAKHAROVA, N.A., red.

     [Engineering geology] Inzhenernaia geologiia. IAroslavl',
     Vysshaia shkola, 1964. 480 p.   (MIRA 17:6)

DROZDOV, S.V.; FEDOROV, Ye.P.

      Latitude variations at Poltava for the period 1945.5 - 1946.5.
      Trudy Polt.grav.obser. 2:57-61 '48.   (MIRA 8:1)
           (Poltava--Latitude variation)

DROZDOV, S. V.

PA5/47140

Jul 48

USSR/Geophysics
        Refraction, Astronomical

"Rare Forms of Complex Halos," S. V. Drozdov, 1 p

"Priroda" No 7

Gives nature of and reasons for the complex halo,
which was observed around the moon from the city of
Poltava (Uzbek SSR) on night of 28 Nov 47. Includes
diagram of halo.

5/49T48

DROZDOV, S. V.

27588. Slozhnoye Galo /19 Apr. 1948 G./ Priroda, 1949, No. 8, s. 53-54.

SO: Letopis' Zhurnal'nykh STatey, Vol. 37, 1949

DROZDO V, S. V.   FA156T6

USSR/Astronomy - Stellar Dynamics   Jan/Feb 50
                Stellar Measurements

"Determination of the Declination of Stars From
Observations on Zenith Telescopes," S. V. Droz-
dov, M. S. Zverev, State Astr Inst imeni P. K.
Shternberg, Poltavsk Gravimetric Obs, Ukrainian
Affiliate, Acad Sci USSR, 6 pp

"Astron Zhur" Vol XXVII, No 1

Collective work on creation of new system of star
declinations and accurate determination of most
refined natural movements of stars will improve
practical investigation into the movement of the
earth's poles. Submitted Aug 49.

                                    156T6

DROZDOV, S.

Eclipses, Lunar - 1952

Observations of the lunar eclipse of August 5, 1952 from the Poltava Observatory of the Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R. Astron. tsir. no. 129, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, ____May____ 1953, Unclassified.

DROZDOV, S.V. (Poltava); SELESHNIKOV, S.I. (Leningrad).

[Brief astronomical calendar for 1953] Krat.astron.kal. 1953 6:3-52 '52.
(MLRA 6:9)
(Astronomy--Yearbooks)

DROZDOV, S.V.

Determining geographic coordinates by using Professor S.P.Glazenap's solar ring. Krat.astron.kal. 1953 no.6:65-69 '52.   (MIRA 6:9)
(Coordinates)

DROZDOV, S.V. (g. Poltava).

Determining geographic lattitude and longitude with a meridian ring. Fiz.v
shkole no.6:64-66 '53.   (MLRA 6:10)
(Geographical positions) (Transit circle)

BRONSHTEN, V.A.; DROZDOV, S.Y., redaktor; SELESHNIKOV, S.I., redaktor; YAKOVKIN, A.A., otvetstvennyy redaktor.

"Brief astronomical calendar for 1952." Reviewed by V.A.Bronshten. Biul.VAGO no.13:52-53 '53.   (MLRA 7:3)
                                        (Astronomy--Yearbooks)

DROZDOV, S.

Observations of the brilliance of Mrkos-Honda's comet 1953a.
Astron.tsir. no.143:5-6 N '53.   (MLRA 7:8)

1. Poltavskaya gravimetricheskaya observatoriya Akademii nauk
U.S.S.R.
      (Comets--1953)

DROZDOV, S.V.

Subject	: USSR/Astronomy	AID P - 849
Card 1/1	Pub. 8 - 8/13	
Author	: Drozdov, S. V.	
Title	: Declinations of Nine Stars of Shenberg's Zenithal Program	
Periodical	: Astron. zhur., v. 31-5, 453-456, S-0 1954	

Abstract   : Gives precise declinations of nine stars, as deduced by the author from Shenberg's observations. A method is suggested for determination of declinations of zenithal stars with high accuracy by using a small instrument. 3 tables, 5 references, of which 4 are Russian.

Institution : Poltava Observatory

Submitted   : N 9, 1953

DROZDOV, S.V. (Poltava)

The solar eclipse of July 9, 1945 and its representation in a picture.
Biul. VAGO no.15:37-40 '54.   (MIRA 8:4)
        (Eclipses, Solar—1945)

DROZDOV, S.V.

Program of weak zeniths and zenith pairs, and observations of this program at Poltava during 1940.2-1941.7. Trudy Polt.grav.observ.5: 79-146 '55.

(MIRA 9:9)

(Poltava--Astronomy,Spherical and practical)

DROZDOV, S.V.

Preliminary catalog of declination of 204 stars in the Poltava zenith
program. Trudy Polt.grav.observ. 5:147-159 '55.   (MLRA 9:9)
        (Poltava--Stars--Catalogs)

DROZDOV, S.V.

Proper motions of stars with a yearly declination exceeding 0".05,
observed by zenith telescope at Poltava. Astron.tsirk. no.167:7-8
F '56.
(MIRA 9:9)

1.Poltavskaya gravimetricheskaya observatoriya AN USSR.
(Stars--Proper motion)

DROZDOV, S. V.:

Drozdov, S. V.: "Determination of precise deflections and variations
    in latitude by using the zenith telescope according to a zenith
    program." Acad Sci USSR. Main Astronomical Observatory. Pul-
    kovo, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Doctor in Physicomathe-
    matical Science)

SO: Knizhnaya letopis', No 27, 1956. Moscow. Pages 94-109; 111.

KOLOMENSKIY, N.V.; DROZDOV, S.V.

Analysis of the deformation of structures in engineering geological research. Rasved. i okh.nedr. 22 no.11:48-53 N '56. (MLRA 10:1)

1. Moskovskiy Geologorazvedochnyy institut.
(Engineering geology) (Deformations (Mechanics)) (Earth movements)

DROZDOV, S.V.

KOLOMENSKIY, N.V.;DROZDOV, S.V.

Observations on the rate of weathering of argillaceous rocks for
purposes of engineering geology. Trudy MGRI 29:179-184 '56.
              (Clay) (Weathering)   (MLRA 10:4)

DROZDOV, S.V.

Boring operations from the ice surface of the Yenisey River.
Trudy MGRI 30:140-142 '56.   (MLRA 9:11)
    (Yenisey River--Boring)

DROZDOV, S. V,

Defense of Dissertations Jan.-Jul 1957
Section of Physico-Mathematical Sciences   (Vest. Ak Nauk SSSR, 27, No. 12, 1957,109-11)

In the Inst. for Physics im. P. N. Lebedev the following applications for the degree Candidate of Physico-Mathematical Sciences
NIKISHOV, A. I. - Statistical Theory of the Formation of Particles at High Energies.
POPOV, Yu. M. - The Scattering of   - Mesons by Nucleons in the Semiphenomenological and in the Highest Approximation of the Tamm-Dankov Method.
RAUTIAN, S. G. - Reduction Theory Concerning the Ideal Spectral Apparatus.
RUBANOV, V. D. - Investigation of the Injection Effect on the Betatron.
KHOKHLOV, Yu. K. - Investigation of the Theory of the Nuclear Photoeffect.

In the Main Astronomical Observatory the following applications for the degree of Doctor of Physico-Mathematical Sciences:
DROZDOV, S. V. - The Determination of Exact Declinations and Broad Fluctuations by Means of the Zenith Telescope According to the   Zenith Program.
KHARIBULLIN, Sh. T. - The Physical Libration of the Moon. (Investigation of the Physical Libration of the Moon by the Photographic Method and Derivation of the Parameter f from the heliometric observations made in Kazan'.

for the degree of Candidate of Physico Mathematical Sciences:
OSTROVSKAYA - V. T., - The Application of Modern Computation Technique in the Analytical Method of Sky Mechanics.
DUBOV, E. Ye. - The Peculiar Features of Internal Motions and of the Luminescence of Quiet Protuberances.
IVANIKOV, V. I. - On Methods of Photographic Photometry of Meteors.

ROMANCHUK, P.R.; SIBIRYAKOVA, M.; DROZDOV, S.

     Aurora borealis. Astron. tsir. no.187:25-26 D '57.   (MIRA 11:6)

    1. Kiyevskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (for Romanchuk). 2. Meteor-
nyy otdel Moskovskogo Vsesoyuznogo astronomo-geodezicheskogo ob-
shchestva (for Sibiryakova). 3. Novgorodskiy pedagogicheskiy insti-
tut (for Drozdov).

                        (Auroras)

DROZDOV, S.

Relationship between the temperature and the change of zenith point
on the micrometer drum of a zenith telescope. Astron.tsir. no.185:20
0 '57.   (MIRA 11:4)

1.Poltavskaya gravimetricheskaya observatoriya AN USSR.
                    (Telescope, Zenith)

DROZDOV, S.V.; SELESHNIKOV, S.I.; YAKOVKIN, A.A., otv.red.; LABINOVA,
    N.M., red.izd-va; RAKHLINA, N.P., tekhred.

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